in the Claims

Please amend the claims as follows:

. 1. - 11. (cancelled)

12. (previously presented) A method of transporting multi-protocol datagrams over a point to point protocol (PPP) link through an asynchronous transport network,

encapsulating multi-protocol datagrams into payloads of asynchronous comprising the steps of. transport network mini-cells, each mini-cell having a header in addition to a payload, the header including a channel identifier (CID) field;

for each mini-cell, associating a PPP identifier of the datagram being encapsulated therein with the CID field of the mini-cell;

assembling said mini-cells into transport packets; and

transporting said packets over said point to point link through the asynchronous transport network.

- 13. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 12, wherein said PPP identifier identifies a PPP session.
- 14. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 12, wherein said PPP identifier identifies at least one PPP protocol within a PPP session.
- 15. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 12, wherein the PPP Identifier identifies at least one session within a protocol of a PPP session.
- 16. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 12, wherein the step of associating a PPP identifier with the CID field of a mini-cell comprises inserting a PPP identifier into the CID field of the mini-cell.

17. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 16, wherein the PPP identifier of a multi-protocol datagram comprises two octets, a most significant octet and a least significant octet, and the method includes the step of inserting only the least significant octet of the PPP identifier into the CID field of a mini-cell.

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- 18. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 17, wherein it includes the step of inserting the most significant octet of the PPP identifier in a first byte of the mini-cell payload adjacent the header and to indicating the presence of said most significant octet in said first byte of the mini-cell payload by making a value of a least significant bit (LSB) of the least significant octet to be "1".
- 19. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 18, wherein a LSB of the most significant octet of the PPP identifier is utilised as a bit parity check for error detection.
- 20. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 12, wherein the step of associating a PPP identifier with the CID field of a mini-cell comprises assigning a pre-allocated PPP identifier number to a respective mini-cell CID value and inserting the CID value into the CID field of the mini-cell.
- 21. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 20, wherein the step of assigning a pre-allocated PPP identifier number to a CID value and inserting said CID value into the CiD field of a mini-cell includes obtaining the CiD value corresponding to a pre-allocated PPP identifier number from a pre-configured table containing a list of pre-allocated PPP identifiers numbers and corresponding CID values.
- 22. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 20, wherein the step of assigning a pre-allocated PPP identifier number to a CID value and inserting said

CID value in the CID field of a mini-cell comprises assigning said pre-allocated PPP identifier number to said CID value on set-up of a PPP link, said assignment being carried out by a management function.

- 23. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 12, wherein the asynchronous transport network is an asynchronous transport mode (ATM) network and the mini-cells are ATM adaptation layer 2 (AAL2) mini-cells.
- 24. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 23, wherein it includes the step of mapping a PPP session to a single AAL2 channel.
- 25. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 23, wherein it includes the step of mapping at least one protocol of a PPP session to an AAL2 channel.
- 28. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 23, wherein it includes the step of mapping at least one session of a specified PPP protocol to an AAL2 channel.
- 27. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 23, wherein it includes the step of mapping several PPP sessions to a same AAL2 channel.
- 23. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 23, wherein it includes the step of mapping several protocols from different PPP sessions to a same AAL2 channel.
- 29. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 28, wherein the several protocols from different PPP sessions comprise the same protocol from each of the different PPP sessions.

- 30. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 23, wherein it includes the step of mapping at least one session of a specified PPP protocol of several PPP sessions to a same AAL2 channel.
- 31. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 23 wherein it includes a mapping step, said mapping step comprising a combination of any of:

mapping a PPP session to a single AAL2 channel:

mapping at least one protocol of a PPP session to an AAL2 channel;

mapping at least one session of a specified PPP protocol to an AAL2 channel; mapping several PPP sessions to a same AAL2 channel;

mapping several protocols from different PPP sessions to a same AAL2 channel: and

mapping at least one session of a specified PPP protocol of several PPP sessions to a same AAL2 channel:

wherein said AAL2 channels comprise an ATM virtual circuit connection (VCC).

- 32. (previously presented) A method as claimed in any one of claims 23 to 31, wherein it includes the step of scheduling transport of ATM mini-cells of said AAL2 channels according to the type of PPP datagrams encapsulated in the mini-cells being transported in respective AAL2 channels.
- 33. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 23 wherein it includes a mapping step, said mapping step comprising one of:

mapping a PPP session to a single ATM virtual channel connection (VCC); mapping at least one protocol of a PPP session to an ATM VCC;

mapping at least one session of a specified PPP protocol to an ATM VCC mapping several PPP sessions to a same ATM VCC;

mapping several protocols from different PPP sessions to a same ATM VCC;

and

mapping at least one session of a specified PPP protocol of several PPP sessions to a same ATM VCC.

- 34. (previously presented) A method as claimed 23, wherein it includes the step of multiplexing mini-cells into an ATM virtual channel connection (VCC).
- 35. (currently amended) A method as claimed in claim 34, wherein said step of multiplexing mini-cells into an ATM virtual channel connection (VCC) includes multiplexed multiplexing mini-cells comprise encapsulating PPP traffic data datagrams and traffic data from a number of non-PPP sources mini-cells encapsulating non-PPP datagrams into the ATM VCC.
- 36. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 35, wherein said PPP traffic data comprises voice traffic data.
- 37. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 23, wherein the multiprotocol datagrams are encapsulated into mini-cells of variable lengths.
- 38. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 23, wherein multi-protocol datagrams comprising delay sensitive traffic are encapsulated into mini-cells comprising a first channel of an ATM virtual circuit (VC) and datagrams comprising delay insensitive traffic are encapsulated into mini-cells comprising a second channel of said ATM VC.
- 39. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 23, wherein said step of assembling mini-cells into transport packets comprises assembling mini-cells into ATM packets.

- 40. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 23, wherein said step of assembling mini-cells into transport packets comprises assembling mini-cells directly into MPEG-TS frames.
- 41. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 23, wherein said step of assembling mini-cells into transport packets comprises assembling mini-cells directly into TDMA time slots.
- 42. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 12, wherein it includes the step of encoding a flag in a user to user information (UUI) field of a mini-cell to indicate whether an encapsulated datagram extends into a payload of a next minicell.
- 43. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 12, wherein the step of encapsulating a datagram in a mini-cell includes inserting the PPP identifier, a payload of the datagram and an optional trailer into the payload of the mini-cell.
- 44. (previously presented) A method of encapsulating point to point protocol (PPP) datagrams into payloads of asynchronous transport network mini-cells, each mini-cell having a header in addition to a payload, the header including a channel identifier (CID) field, the method comprising the steps of:

encapsulating the PPP datagrams into the payloads of the asynchronous transport network mini-cells;

for each mini-cell, associating a PPP identifier of the datagram being encapsulated therein with the CID field of the mini-cell; and

assembling said mini-cells into transport packets.

45. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 44, wherein said PPP identifier identifies a PPP session.

48. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 44, wherein said PPP identifier identifies at least one PPP protocol within a PPP session.

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- 47. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 44, wherein the PPP identifier identifies at least one session within a protocol of a PPP session.
- 48. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 44, wherein the step of associating a PPP identifier with the CID field of a mini-cell comprises inserting a PPP identifier into the CID field of the mini-cell.
- 49. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 48, wherein the PPP identifier of a multi-protocol datagram comprises two octets, a most significant octet and a least significant octet, and the method includes the step of inserting only the least significant octet of the PPP identifier into the CID field of a mini-cell.
- 50. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 49, wherein it includes the step of inserting the most significant octet of the PPP identifier in a first byte of the mini-cell payload adjacent the header and to indicating the presence of said most significant octet in said first byte of the mini-cell payload by making a value of a least significant bit (LSB) of the least significant octet to be "1".
- 51. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 50, wherein a LSB of the most significant octet of the PPP identifier is utilised as a bit parity check for error detection.
- 52. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 44, wherein the step of associating a PPP identifier with the CID field of a mini-cell comprises assigning a pre-allocated PPP identifier number to a respective mini-cell CID value and inserting the CID value into the CID field of the mini-cell.

53. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 52, wherein the step of assigning a pre-allocated PPP identifier number to a CID value and inserting said CID value into the CID field of a mini-cell includes obtaining the CID value corresponding to a pre-allocated PPP identifier number from a pre-configured table containing a list of pre-allocated PPP identifiers numbers and corresponding CID values.

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- 54. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 52, wherein the step of assigning a pre-allocated PPP identifier number to a CID value and inserting said CID value in the CID field of a mini-ceil comprises assigning said pre-allocated PPP Identifier number to said CID value on set-up of a PPP fink, said assignment being carried out by a management function.
- 55. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 44, wherein the asynchronous transport network is an asynchronous transport mode (ATM) network and the mini-cells are ATM adaptation layer 2 (AAL2) mini-cells.
- 56. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 55, wherein it includes the step of mapping a PPP session to a single AAL2 channel.
- 57. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 55, wherein it includes the step of mapping at least one protocol of a PPP session to an AAL2 channel.
- 58. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 55, wherein it includes the step of mapping at least one session of a specified PPP protocol to an AAL2 channel.
- 59. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 55, wherein it includes the step of mapping several PPP sessions to a same AAL2 channel.

- 60. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 55, wherein it includes the step of mapping several protocols from different PPP sessions to a same AAL2 channel.
- 61. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 60, wherein the several protocols from different PPP sessions comprise the same protocol from each of the different PPP sessions.
- 62. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 55, wherein it includes the step of mapping at least one session of a specified PPP protocol of several PPP sessions to a same AAL2 channel.
- 63. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 55 wherein it includes a mapping step, said mapping step comprising a combination of any of:

mapping a PPP session to a single AAL2 channel;

mapping at least one protocol of a PPP session to an AAL2 channel;

mapping at least one session of a specified PPP protocol to an AAL2 channel;

mapping several PPP sessions to a same AAL2 channel;

mapping several protocols from different PPP sessions to a same AAL2 channel; and

mapping at least one session of a specified PPP protocol of several PPP sessions to a same AAL2 channel;

wherein said AAL2 channels comprise an ATM virtual circuit connection (VCC).

64. (previously presented) A method as claimed in any one of claims 55 to 63, wherein it includes the step of scheduling transport of ATM mini-cells of said AAL2 channels according to the type of PPP datagrams encapsulated in the mini-cells being transported in respective AAL2 channels.

65. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 55 wherein it includes a mapping step, said mapping step comprising one of:

mapping a PPP session to a single ATM virtual channel connection (VCC); mapping at least one protocol of a PPP session to an ATM VCC; mapping at least one session of a specified PPP protocol to an ATM VCC mapping several PPP sessions to a same ATM VCC; mapping several protocols from different PPP sessions to a same ATM VCC;

and

mapping at least one session of a specified PPP protocol of several PPP sessions to a same ATM VCC.

- 66. (previously presented) A method as claimed 55, wherein it includes the step of multiplexing mini-cells into an ATM virtual channel connection (VCC).
- A method as claimed in claim 68, wherein said step of 67. (currently amended) multiplexing mini-cells into an ATM virtual channel connection (VCC) includes multiplexed multiplexing mini-cells comprise encapsulating PPP traffic data datagrams and traffic data from a number of non PPP sources mini-cells encapsulating non-PPP datagrams into the ATM VCC.
- 68. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 67, wherein said PPP traffic data comprises voice traffic data.
- 69. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 55, wherein the multiprotocol datagrams are encapsulated into mini-cells of variable lengths.
- 70. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 55, wherein multi-protocol datagrams comprising delay sensitive traffic are encapsulated into mini-cells comprising a first channel of an ATM virtual circuit (VC) and datagrams comprising

delay insensitive traffic are encapsulated into mini-cells comprising a second channel of said ATM VC.

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- 71. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 55, wherein said step of assembling mini-cells into transport packets comprises assembling mini-cells into ATM packets.
- 72. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 44, wherein it includes the step of encoding a flag in a user to user information (UUI) field of a mini-cell to indicate whether an encapsulated datagram extends into a payload of a next minicell.
- 73. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 44, wherein the step of encapsulating a datagram in a mini-cell includes inserting the PPP identifier, a payload of the datagram and an optional trailer into the payload of the mini-cell.
- 74. (previously presented) Apparatus for transporting multi-protocol datagrams over a point to point protocol (PPP) link through an asynchronous transport network, comprising:

means for encapsulating multi-protocol datagrams into payloads of asynchronous transport network mini-cells, each mini-cell having a header in addition to a payload, the header including a channel identifier (CID) field;

means for associating a PPP identifier of a datagram being encapsulated into a mini-cell with the CID field of the mini-cell;

means for assembling said mini-cells into transport packets; and

means transporting said packets over said point to point link through the asynchronous transport network.



- 75. (previously presented) A transport apparatus as claimed in claim 74, wherein said means for associating a PPP identifier with the CID field of a mini-cell is arranged to insert a PPP identifier into the CID field of the mini-cell.
- 76. (previously presented) A transport apparatus as claimed in claim 75, wherein the means for associating a PPP identifier with the CID field of a mini-cell is arranged to insert only a least significant octet of a two octet PPP identifier into the CID field of a mini-cell.
- 77. (previously presented) A transport apparatus as claimed in claim 76, wherein the means for associating a PPP identifier with the CID field of a mini-cell is arranged to insert a most significant octet of the PPP identifier in a first byte of the mini-cell payload adjacent the header and to indicating the presence of said most significant octet in said first byte of the mini-cell payload by making a value of a least significant bit (LSB) of the least significant octet to be "1".
- 78. (previously presented) A transport apparatus as claimed in claim 74, wherein the means for associating a PPP identifier with the CID field of a mini-cell is arranged to assign a pre-allocated PPP identifier number to a respective mini-cell CID value and to insert the CID value into the CID field of the mini-cell.
- 79. (previously presented) A transport apparatus as claimed in claim 74, wherein the asynchronous transport network is an asynchronous transport mode (ATM) network and the mini-cells are ATM adaptation layer 2 (AAL2) mini-cells.
- 80. (previously presented) A transport apparatus as claimed in claim 79, wherein it includes means for scheduling transport of ATM mini-cells of said AAL2 channels according to the type of PPP datagrams encapsulated in the mini-cells being transported in respective AAL2 channels.

- 61. (previously presented) A transport apparatus as claimed 79, wherein it includes means for multiplexing mini-cells into an ATM virtual channel connection (VCC).
- 82. (currently amended) A transport apparatus as claimed in claim 81, wherein said means for multiplexing mini-cells into an ATM virtual channel connection (VCC) is arranged to multiplex mini-cells encapsulating PPP traffic data datagrams and traffic data from a number of non-PPP sources mini-cells encapsulating non-PPP datagrams into the ATM VCC.
- 83. (previously presented) A transport apparatus as claimed in claim 79, wherein the means for encapsulating datagrams into mini-cells is arranged to encapsulate datagrams comprising delay sensitive traffic into mini-cells comprising a first channel of an ATM virtual circuit (VC) and encapsulate datagrams comprising delay insensitive traffic into mini-cells comprising a second channel of said ATM VC.
- 84. (previously presented) A transport apparatus as claimed in claim 79, wherein said means for assembling mini-cells into transport packets is arranged to assemble mini-cells into ATM packets.
- 85. (previously presented) A transport apparatus as claimed in claim 79, wherein said means for assembling mini-cells into transport packets is arranged to assemble mini-cells directly into MPEG-TS frames.
- 88. (previously presented) A transport apparatus as claimed in claim 79, wherein said means for assembling mini-cells into transport packets is arranged to assemble mini-cells directly into TDMA time slots.
- 87. (previously presented) Apparatus for encapsulating point to point protocol (PPP) datagrams into payloads of asynchronous transport network mini-cells, each mini-

cell having a header in addition to a payload, the header including a channel identifier (CID) field, the apparatus comprising:

means for encapsulating the PPP datagrams into the payloads of the asynchronous transport network mini-cells

means for associating a PPP identifier of a datagram being encapsulated into a mini-cell with the CID field of the mini-cell; and

means for assembling said mini-cells into transport packets.

- 88. (previously presented) An apparatus as claimed in claim 87, wherein said means for associating a PPP identifier with the CID field of a mini-cell is arranged to insert a PPP identifier into the CID field of the mini-cell.
- 89. (previously presented) An apparatus as claimed in claim 87, wherein the means for associating a PPP identifier with the CID field of a mini-cell is arranged to insert only a least significant octet of a two octet PPP identifier into the CID field of a minicell.
- 90. (previously presented) An apparatus as claimed in claim 89, wherein the means for associating a PPP identifier with the CID field of a mini-cell is arranged to insert a most significant octet of the PPP identifier in a first byte of the mini-cell payload adjacent the header and to indicating the presence of said most significant octat in said first byte of the mini-cell payload by making a value of a least significant bit (LSB) of the least significant octet to be "1".
- 91. (previously presented) An apparatus as claimed in claim 87, wherein the means for associating a PPP identifier with the CID field of a mini-cell is arranged to assign a pre-allocated PPP identifier number to a respective mini-cell CID value and to insert the CID value into the CID field of the mini-cell.

- 92 (previously presented) An apparatus as claimed in claim 87, wherein the asynchronous transport network is an asynchronous transport mode (ATM) network and the mini-cells are ATM adaptation layer 2 (AAL2) mini-cells.
- 93. (previously presented) An apparatus as claimed in claim 92, wherein it includes means for scheduling transport of ATM mini-cells of said AAL2 channels according to the type of PPP datagrams encapsulated in the mini-cells being transported in respective AAL2 channels.
- 94. (previously presented) An apparatus as claimed 92, wherein it includes means for multiplexing mini-cells into an ATM virtual channel connection (VCC).
- 95. (currently amended) An apparatus as claimed in claim 94, wherein said means for multiplexing mini-cells into an ATM virtual channel connection (VCC) is arranged to multiplex mini-cells encapsulating PPP traffic data datagrams and traffic data from a number of non PPP sources mini-cells encapsulating non-PPP datagrams into the ATM VCC.
- 96. (previously presented) An apparatus as claimed in claim 92, wherein the means for encapsulating datagrams into mini-cells is arranged to encapsulate datagrams comprising delay sensitive traffic into mini-cells comprising a first channel of an ATM virtual circuit (VC) and encapsulate datagrams comprising delay insensitive traffic into mini-cells comprising a second channel of said ATM VC.
- 97. (previously presented) An apparatus as claimed in claim 92, wherein said means for assembling mini-cells into transport packets is arranged to assemble mini-cells Into ATM packets.



- 98. (previously presented) An apparatus as claimed in claim 92, wherein said means for assembling mini-cells into transport packets is arranged to assemble mini-cells directly into MPEG-TS frames.
- 99. (previously presented) An apparatus as claimed in claim 92, wherein said means for assembling mini-cells into transport packets is arranged to assemble mini-cells directly into TDMA time slots.